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07/11/2003	Soldano Ferrone	03551.0135	9015
12/27/2004		EXAMINER	
HODGSON RUSS LLP		FETTEROLF, BRANDON J	
ZA		ARTUNIT	PAPER NUMBER
14203-2391			
	12/27/2004 SS LLP	12/27/2004 SS LLP ZA	I 2/27/2004 SS LLP ZA ART UNIT

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/618,336	FERRONE ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Brandon J Fetterolf, PhD	1642		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).				
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
OUT THE UNION CONTROL				
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail E			
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Patent Application (PTO-152)		

Art Unit: 1642

Ferrone et al. Claims Pending: 1-19

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

I. Claims 1-8 and 16-19, as specifically drawn to an isolated peptide which blocks the binding of an anti-GD3 antibody to a tumor cell expressing GD3 ganglioside, classified in class 530, subclass 300.

(Upon election of Group I, the applicant must choose ONE polypeptide SEQ ID NO from those listed in Claim 2, as each SEQ ID NO is a distinct invention which differ in at least chemical structure requiring separate searches, NOT-a-species)

II. Claims 9-15, as specifically drawn to a method of eliciting antibodies against GD3 ganglioside in an individual having a tumor expressing GD3 ganglioside comprising administering an effective amount of a GD3 peptide mimic, classified in class 424, subclass 185.1.

(Upon election of Group II, the applicant must choose ONE polypeptide SEQ ID NO from those listed in Claim 14, as each SEQ ID NO is a distinct invention which differ in at least chemical structure requiring separate searches, NOT a species)

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The invention of Group I and the method of Group II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (I) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (ii) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product [see MPEP § 806.05(h)]. In the instant case the polypeptide product as claimed can be used in a materially different process such as identifying molecules that mimic GD3 ganglioside.

Searching the inventions of Group I and Group II together would impose serious search burden. The inventions of Group I and Group II have a separate status in the art as shown by their

Art Unit: 1642

classification. Moreover, in the instant case, the search for the polypeptide and the methods of eliciting antibodies are not coextensive. Group I encompasses molecules which are claimed in terms of an amino acid, which is not required for the search of Group II. In contrast, the separate search of Group II would require a text search for the methods in addition to a search for the sequence identifier. Prior art which teaches a polypeptide which is at least 50 contiguous amino acids to the sequence identified would not necessarily be applicable to the method of using the polypeptide. Moreover, even if the polypeptide product were known, the method of eliciting antibodies which used the product may be novel and unobvious in view of the preamble or active steps.

Species Election

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

Claim 10, Group II, is generic to a plurality of disclosed patentably distinct species comprising the following tumors: neuoblastoma, melanoma, and lung carcinoma which differ at least in morphology and function such that one species could not be interchanged with the other. As such, each species would require different searches and the consideration of different patentability issues

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious

Art Unit: 1642

variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

A telephone call was made to Ranjana Kadle on December 22, 2004 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Note:

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04.

Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brandon J Fetterolf, PhD whose telephone number is (571)-272-2919. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30 to 5:00.

Art Unit: 1642

Page 5

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeff Siew can be reached on 571-272-0787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Brandon J Fetterolf, PhD
-Examiner ------Art Unit 1642

BF

GARY NICKOL
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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